POLICY STATEMENT
The [insert name of state federation/central labor council] is committed to providing all of its employees with a workplace free from discrimination and harassment. The […] does not discriminate against or allow harassment of any employee based on the employee’s race, ethnicity, religion, color, sex, age, national origin, sexual orientation, disability, gender identity or expression, ancestry, pregnancy, or any other basis prohibited by law, or based on the employee’s protected activity under the anti-discrimination statutes (that is, opposition to prohibited discrimination or participation in the statutory complaint process). The […] reaffirms that it will not tolerate discrimination or harassment in any form. This prohibition covers any discrimination or harassment in the workplace, regardless of whether the discrimination or harassment is committed by a supervisor, officer, co-worker, or nonemployee, such as a vendor, consultant, or employee or officer of an affiliate, or invitee to a […]-sponsored activity, event or meeting.

DEFINITIONS
A. Discrimination
It is discrimination for an employer to base any decision regarding the terms or conditions of employment on an employee’s race, ethnicity, religion, color, sex, age, national origin, sexual orientation, disability, gender identity or expression, ancestry, pregnancy, or any other characteristic protected by law.

B. Harassment
Harassment consists of unwelcome verbal, visual or physical conduct that is based on another person’s race, ethnicity, religion, color, sex, age, national origin, sexual orientation, disability, gender identity or expression, ancestry, pregnancy, or any other characteristic protected by law. It may include, but is not limited to, actions such as the use of epithets, slurs, negative stereotyping, jokes, or threatening, intimidating or hostile acts that relate to sex, race, ethnicity, age, disability or other protected categories. Harassment also may include written or graphic material that denigrates or
shows hostility toward an individual or group based on protected characteristics, whether that material
is sent by email; placed on walls, bulletin boards, computer screens or other devices, or elsewhere on
the premises; or circulated in the workplace.

Unwelcome conduct can constitute harassment if:
- It has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual’s work performance;
- It creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment; or
- Submission to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual’s
  employment.

C. Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment can involve unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other
verbal, visual or physical conduct of a sexual nature. It can involve conduct by a person of either
gender toward a person of the same or opposite gender.

The following is only a partial list of sexually harassing conduct:
- Explicit sexual propositions
- Offering employment benefits in exchange for sexual favors
- Making threats or retaliating after a negative response to sexual advances
- Sexual innuendo or sexually suggestive or sexually degrading comments about a person’s body,
  sex life, sexual prowess or sexual deficiencies
- Sexually oriented jokes, derogatory comments, epithets, slurs or catcalls
- Obscene language, letters, notes or invitations (including by email)
- Physical contact such as touching or impeding movements
- Conduct such as leering or making sexual gestures
- Displaying or distributing pornography or other sexually suggestive objects, pictures, cartoons or
  posters (including by email, or viewed or shared on a work computer or other device)
- Sexual content in text messages

Unwelcome sexual conduct can constitute harassment if:
- It has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual’s work performance;
- It creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment;
- Submission to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual’s
  employment; or
- Submission to or rejection of the conduct by an individual is used as the basis for tangible
  employment actions taken toward her or him.

COMPLAINT AND INVESTIGATION PROCEDURE

As a means of ensuring a workplace that is free from discrimination and harassment, the [...] has
established a formal procedure for the handling of discrimination or harassment complaints. This
procedure is intended to supplement—not to replace or supersede—the other procedures available to
employees under any applicable collective bargaining agreement, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964,
the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Genetic Information
Nondiscrimination Act, or any other applicable federal, state or municipal fair-employment-practices law,
or otherwise.
A. General Principles

The [...] strongly encourages you to come forward with a complaint at the earliest possible point. You should not wait to report harassment until it becomes severe and pervasive. The [...] is committed to stopping discrimination and harassment even if the conduct has not risen to the level of a violation of law.

If you feel comfortable doing so, you should respond to the discriminatory or harassing conduct in a way that demonstrates that the conduct is unwelcome. However, you are not required to complain directly to the offending individual.

Efforts will be made to investigate and resolve complaints promptly, thoroughly, impartially and in as confidential a manner as is possible, consistent with proper investigation of the complaint.

If a person is accused of discrimination or harassment, he or she shall not play any role in administering or making decisions under this procedure.

If an individual is determined to have engaged in discrimination or harassment, appropriate corrective action will be taken promptly, and appropriate sanctions will be imposed, up to and including termination.

There will be no retaliation or other adverse action taken against any individual who makes a complaint, reports an incident of apparent discrimination or harassment, or provides information in the course of the investigation of such a complaint or report. Any such retaliation also can be the subject of a complaint under this procedure. If retaliation in fact occurred, prompt and appropriate corrective action will be taken and appropriate sanctions imposed, up to and including termination.

B. Procedure

The procedure for dealing with complaints of discrimination or harassment is as follows:

1. If you believe that you have been the target of discrimination or harassment, the [...] encourages you to report the incident(s) in question as soon after the incident occurs as possible to [designee], or any supervisor or manager. If the person accused of discrimination or harassment is [designee], you may submit your complaint to another officer, manager or supervisor of the [...] to handle the complaint.

You are not required under this procedure to complain directly to the offending individual.

It is the responsibility of any manager or supervisor who receives a complaint to inform [designee] of the allegations so that a prompt investigation may be conducted.

2. The complainant shall provide [designee] with a description of the alleged discrimination or harassment in as much detail as possible, including a description of what occurred and the date(s), time(s) and place(s) of the incident(s). The complainant also should provide the names of individuals who he or she believes have information relevant to the investigation. [Designee] may request that this information be provided in writing.
3. Where appropriate and possible, [designee] may attempt to resolve the matter informally.

4. If informal efforts are not appropriate or successful, [designee] will conduct an investigation to
determine whether discrimination or harassment has occurred.

5. During the course of the investigation, [designee] will inform the individual alleged to have
engaged in discrimination or harassment of the complaint, and will give her or him the opportunity
to respond to the allegations and to submit the names of individuals who she or he believes have
information relevant to the investigation.

6. The investigation may include meeting with the complainant, the accused and other individuals
who may have relevant information. Relevant documents also may be reviewed. The investigation
will be conducted promptly, thoroughly, impartially and in as confidential a manner as is possible
consistent with proper investigation of the complaint.

7. If necessary, the [...] will take steps to ensure that discrimination or harassment does not occur
during the period of investigation.

8. At the conclusion of the investigation, [designee] shall make a determination of whether
discrimination or harassment occurred.

9. If the investigation establishes that discrimination or harassment has occurred, the [...] will take
prompt and appropriate action. This may include corrective action designed to end and to remedy
the discrimination or harassment and to prevent it from reoccurring. Action may include imposition
of discipline on the discriminator/harasser, ranging from reprimand to discharge if that person is an
employee. If the discriminator/harasser is an employee or officer of an affiliate, the [...] may inform
the affiliate, including the affiliate’s international, of the investigation and findings, and request
further disciplinary actions be taken by those entities. If the discriminator/harasser is a delegate
to the [...] or otherwise would be subject to disciplinary procedures under the [...] constitution
or bylaws or the Rules Governing AFL-CIO State Central Bodies/AFL-CIO Area Labor Councils
and Central Labor Councils, those disciplinary procedures may be invoked. If the discriminator/
harasser is an employee of a vendor, consultant or any other employing entity, the [...] may inform
that employing entity of the investigation and findings, and request further disciplinary actions
be taken by that entity. [...] will take all possible steps to ensure that the complainant is no longer
subject to the discrimination or harassment.

10. The [...] will inform both the complainant and the accused of the outcome of the investigation and,
in general terms, of any measures taken to correct the discrimination or harassment.

11. If the investigation establishes that discrimination or harassment has occurred, [designee] will
ensure that the discrimination or harassment has not resumed, and that neither the complainant
nor any other individual has been subjected to any retaliation for having complained of the
discrimination or harassment, reported an incident of apparent discrimination or harassment, or
provided information during the investigation.
This policy and procedure applies to all employees.

If you have any questions about this policy and procedure, or if you want additional information concerning complaints of discrimination or harassment, the [...] encourages you to contact [designee].

If you believe you are the target of discrimination or harassment, you also may have a right to file a charge under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act, or other applicable federal, state or municipal fair-employment-practices law. There are deadlines for filing charges of discrimination or harassment with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, or state or municipal fair-employment-practices agencies. Those deadlines generally run from the last date of discrimination or harassment, not from the date the complaint to the [...] is resolved. Contact the EEOC or other applicable state or municipal fair-employment-practices agency if you want more information about filing deadlines.

If you have any questions or issues with the response to your complaint, you may contact the national AFL-CIO governance director or staff. Nothing in this policy, however, shall create an employment relationship between the AFL-CIO and employees of the [...].